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10/717,186	11/18/2003	Hartmut Koerner	34874-022/2003P00820	6226
	7590 08/19/2008 Z, LEVIN, COHN, FERRIS, GLOVSKY & POPEO, P.C.		EXAMINER	
ATTN: PATENT INTAKE CUSTOMER NO. 64280			MORRISON, JAY A	
ONE FINANCIAL CENTER BOSTON, MA 02111			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2168	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/717,186	KOERNER ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	JAY A. MORRISON	2168
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 A     This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This     Since this application is in condition for allowated closed in accordance with the practice under A	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,5-11 and 13-21 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,2,5-11 and 13-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or and/or claim(s) are subject to restriction.	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed as a composition and accomposition and accomposition to the separatement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including the correct and the separatement drawing sheet (s) including sheet (s) including sheet (s) including sheet (s) in	cepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documen</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documen</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat prity documents have been receive nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

Art Unit: 2168

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 6/6/08 has been entered.

#### Remarks

2. Claims 1-2, 5-11 and 13-21 are pending.

## Specification

3. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: the term "computer readable media", as in claims 1-2, 5-8 and 14-21, is not found in the specification.

Art Unit: 2168

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Art Unit: 2168

5. Claims 1-2, 5-11 and 13-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Carothers et al.</u> ('<u>Carothers</u>' hereinafter) (Publication Number 2002/0016771) in view of <u>Benson</u> (Publication Number 2004/0225675).

As per claim 1, Carothers teaches

A database system embodied in computer- readable media, the database system comprising: (see abstract and background)

a database, wherein the database is a multidimensional database; (data warehousing and olap technologies, paragraph [0049], lines 10-12)

a plurality of application tools, each of the tools being configured to access data objects from the database, the tools comprising: (system for identifying trends, behavior, and planning using olap database, paragraph [0049], lines 4-10)

a business reporting tool which performs online analytical processing business reporting operations based on one or more data objects, (MIS facility to generate reports from database using olap technologies, paragraph [0049], 2-4 and 8-12)

the business reporting tool configured to view the one or more data objects and to not make changes to the one or more data objects, (MIS facility to generate reports, paragraph [0049], 2-4)

the business planning tool configured to view the one or more data objects and to change the one or more data objects; (interactive version, paragraph [0064], lines 1-5; figure 7)

and a business planning tool, integrated with the reporting tool, which performs online analytical processing business planning operations (capacity planning using data from database and olap technologies, paragraph [0049], lines 4-6 and 8-12)

by the business planning tool to the data objects accessed from the database (utilize data warehouse, paragraph [0049], lines 8-10)

the business reporting tool and the business planning tool requesting data (utilize data warehouse, paragraph [0049], lines 8-10)

providing an integrated view to the business reporting, tool and the business planning tool. (MIS facility which provides planning and reporting, paragraph [0049], lines 1-6)

Carothers does not explicitly indicate "accessed from a data buffer", "based on the one or more data objects accessed from the data buffer", nor "the data buffer configured to store a copy of the one or more data objects accessed from the database; and a delta buffer configured to store a delta record, wherein the delta record characterizes a difference between the one or more data objects and a modified version of the one or more data objects, the modified version being a result of a change made" "the data objects buffered in the data buffer having a logical key, a description of an aggregation level, and a description of a selection condition" "from the data buffer having a specified aggregation level and a specified selection condition, the delta buffer and the data buffer".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "accessed from a data buffer" (paragraph [0036], lines 8-12), "based on the one or more data objects accessed from the data buffer"

Art Unit: 2168

(paragraph [0038], lines 1-6), and "the data buffer configured to store a copy of the one or more data objects accessed from the database; and a delta buffer configured to store a delta record, wherein the delta record characterizes a difference between the one or more data objects and a modified version of the one or more data objects, the modified version being a result of a change made" (record deltas for individual records, paragraph [0040], lines 4-8) "the data objects buffered in the data buffer having a logical key, a description of an aggregation level, and a description of a selection condition" "from the data buffer having a specified aggregation level and a specified selection condition, the delta buffer and the data buffer" (record deltas contain all the operational and value information, paragraph [0045], lines 1-3).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "accessed from a data buffer", "based on the one or more data objects accessed from the data buffer", and "the data buffer configured to store a copy of the one or more data objects accessed from the database; and a delta buffer configured to store a delta record, wherein the delta record characterizes a difference between the one or more data objects and a modified version of the one or more data objects, the modified version being a result of a change made" "the data objects buffered in the data buffer having a logical key, a description of an aggregation level, and a description of a selection condition" "from the data buffer having a specified aggregation level and a specified selection condition, the delta buffer and the data buffer" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time

between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 2,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the delta buffer is configured to generate a cumulative delta record".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "the delta buffer is configured to generate a cumulative delta record" (paragraph [0040], lines 1-5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "the delta buffer is configured to generate a cumulative delta record" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 5,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and each delta record has a corresponding request identifier, and wherein the request identifier is usable by a data object to represent the one or more delta records that have been used to update a data object".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and each delta record has a corresponding request identifier, and wherein the request

identifier is usable by a data object to represent the one or more delta records that have been used to update a data object" (paragraph [0050], lines 3-8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and each delta record has a corresponding request identifier, and wherein the request identifier is usable by a data object to represent the one or more delta records that have been used to update a data object" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 6,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and the database system is configured to store the at least one delta record with data in the database".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and the database system is configured to store the at least one delta record with data in the database" (paragraph [0040], lines 1-5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and the database system is configured to

store the at least one delta record with data in the database" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 7,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the data buffer and the delta buffer are parts of a system memory of a computer system".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "the data buffer and the delta buffer are parts of a system memory of a computer system" (paragraph [0036], lines 7-12).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "the data buffer and the delta buffer are parts of a system memory of a computer system" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 8,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the delta buffer is configured to compress two or more delta records to generate a cumulative delta record".

Art Unit: 2168

However, Benson discloses "the delta buffer is configured to compress two or more delta records to generate a cumulative delta record" (paragraph [0070], lines 3-7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Carothers and Benson because using the steps of "the delta buffer is configured to compress two or more delta records to generate a cumulative delta record" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claims 9, 14 and 21,

These claims are respectfully rejected on grounds corresponding to the arguments given above for rejected claim 1 and are similarly rejected.

As per claim 10,

Carothers does not explicitly indicate "compressing the delta buffer, wherein compressing the delta buffer includes generating a cumulative delta record".

However, Benson discloses "compressing the delta buffer, wherein compressing the delta buffer includes generating a cumulative delta record" (paragraph [0073], lines 2-7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Carothers and Benson because using the steps of "compressing the delta buffer, wherein compressing the delta buffer includes generating a cumulative delta record" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 11,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "storing the delta buffer in the database, wherein storing the delta buffer in the database includes integrating the one or more delta records in the delta buffer with the corresponding data in the database".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "storing the delta buffer in the database, wherein storing the delta buffer in the database includes integrating the one or more delta records in the delta buffer with the corresponding data in the database" (paragraph [0057], lines 5-9).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "storing the delta buffer in the database, wherein storing the delta buffer in the database includes integrating the one or more delta records in the delta buffer with the corresponding data in the database" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 13,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "associating the delta record with a request identifier, wherein the request identifier is usable by a data object to represent the one or more delta records that have been used to update a data object".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "associating the delta record with a request identifier, wherein the request identifier is usable by a data object to represent the one or more delta records that have been used to update a data object" (paragraph [0050], lines 3-8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "associating the delta record with a request identifier, wherein the request identifier is usable by a data object to represent the one or more delta records that have been used to update a data object" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 15,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "a server program configured to manage the data buffer".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "a server program configured to manage the data buffer" (paragraph [0036], lines 7-11).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "a server program configured to manage the data buffer" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 16,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "a server program configured to manage the delta buffer".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "a server program configured to manage the delta buffer" (paragraph [0040], lines 1-5).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "a server program configured to manage the delta buffer" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 17, Carothers teaches

Application/Control Number: 10/717,186

Art Unit: 2168

the reporting tool and/or planning tool (paragraph [0049], lines 10-12)

Carothers does not explicitly indicate "generates the delta record".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "generates the delta record" (paragraph [0040], lines 1-7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "generates the delta record" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 18,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the delta buffer stores at least one delta record and each delta record corresponds to a request identifier, wherein the request identifier represents at least one delta record that has been used to update a data object".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "the delta buffer stores at least one delta record and each delta record corresponds to a request identifier, wherein the request identifier represents at least one delta record that has been used to update a data object" (paragraph [0050], lines 9-15).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "the

delta buffer stores at least one delta record and each delta record corresponds to a request identifier, wherein the request identifier represents at least one delta record that has been used to update a data object" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 19,

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the delta buffer is configured to compress two or more delta records to generate a cumulative delta record".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "the delta buffer is configured to compress two or more delta records to generate a cumulative delta record" (paragraph [0070], lines 3-7).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "the delta buffer is configured to compress two or more delta records to generate a cumulative delta record" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

As per claim 20,

Art Unit: 2168

<u>Carothers</u> does not explicitly indicate "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and the database system is configured to store the at least one delta record in the database, wherein storing the at least one delta record includes integrating the at least one delta record with data in the database".

However, <u>Benson</u> discloses "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and the database system is configured to store the at least one delta record in the database, wherein storing the at least one delta record includes integrating the at least one delta record with data in the database" (paragraph [0056], lines 6-10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine <u>Carothers</u> and <u>Benson</u> because using the steps of "the delta buffer includes at least one delta record and the database system is configured to store the at least one delta record in the database, wherein storing the at least one delta record includes integrating the at least one delta record with data in the database" would have given those skilled in the art the tools to improve the invention by reducing transfer time between memory and a database by keeping records and their change information in memory. This gives the user the advantage of more efficient use of resources.

# Response to Arguments

6. With respect to Applicant's arguments regarding the object to the specification for failing to provide antecedent basis for the term "computer-readable media", filed

Art Unit: 2168

4/14/2008, these arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that the specification does in fact provide the necessary disclosure as "program[s]", "database system", "database" and "read[ing] from the database". It is respectfully submitted that nowhere in these disclosures, nor anywhere else in the specification, is the term "computer-readable media" found. It is not clear from the Applicant's arguments how the claimed term is disclosed by the different terms which are disclosed in the specification. It is suggested that the Applicant amendment the claims to recite terms that are disclosed in the specification.

- 7. Applicant's arguments, see page 12, filed 4/14/2008, with respect to the 35 USC 112 second paragraph rejections of claims 1, 9 and 14, these arguments have been fully considered and are persuasive. The rejection of claims 1, 9 and 14 has been withdrawn.
- 8. Applicant's arguments with respect to the 35 USC 103 rejections of claims 1-2, 5-11 and 13-21, these arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record, listed on form PTO-892, and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Art Unit: 2168

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jay A. Morrison whose telephone number is (571) 272-7112. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tim Vo can be reached on (571) 272-3642. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Tim T. Vo/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2168

Jay Morrison TC2100 Tim Vo TC2100